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## Bombs fire, Village administrators being attacked with swords

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**One of the most common posts on social media right now for about a week is "I heard a loud bang". They come from many places in many cities.**

Explosions are unprecedented in many parts of Myanmar.

The blasts included a series of attacks targeting ward administrators' offices, as well as reports of attacks on ward administrators.

### **Attacks on ward administrators**

On May 6, Aung Moe, the administrator of Tampawadi Ward in Chan Mya Thar Si Township, Mandalay, was stabbed while riding a motorcycle on the road.

Nyo Wun, an administrator appointed by the military council, was found beheaded on May 4 near Kyikan Village Cemetery in Wun Gyi Village, Khin Oo Township, Sagaing Division.

In Witot Village, Tamu Township, Sagaing Division, some people opened fire on the house of Than Myint, the village administrator appointed by the military council, at around 1 am on May 4. Than Myint escaped unharmed, but his daughter, Daw Win Thuzar, and grandson, Min Khant Naing, died.

In Rangoon's Thaketa Township, at 3:30 pm on May 3, three people stabbed and killed U Thet Paing, chairman of Thaketa 7 West Ward, in Kyaungtaunggyi, at 3:30 pm, claiming to be on a guest list. He was stabbed to death in the afternoon in Taunggyi, but police were unable to apprehend him.

Locals say Chairman Thet Paing has declared that no one should play drums in my neighborhood.

In Hlaing Tharyar Township, a ward administrator was beaten in early April.

An explosion also took place at around 5 am on May 5 near the Ward 16 Administration Office on Ouk Kyin Station Road, Hlaing Township.

On May 2, a fire broke out in the administrative office of Zainganaing North Ward in Bago.

Administrative office fire; There have been many bombings. There are a lot of things that are mentioned in Voice of Burma TV broadcasts and they are included almost every day.





Photo caption,

Some ward administration offices have tight security

### **Arrest and pressure on ward administrators**

On April 29, the military council arrested 27 former administrators in 14 wards and 13 villages in Dawei Township. He was released on May 2. He said he was questioned about his involvement in politics.

All of them were elected by the local people under the NLD government.

### **The military council begins the transformation of the ward administration**

It is the military council itself that is trying to change the local government. On 11 February, the former National League for Democracy (NLD) appointed a ward. Village administrators have been expelled and former administrators have been fired.

The former governors are elected by the National League for Democracy (NLD), leaving a legacy of former power at the grassroots level. It is alleged that the ambassador provided the information to Hussein.

It is not difficult for the military council to destroy the old, but it is very difficult to rebuild. Neighborhood Former village administrators openly accept their dismissal. The villagers did not object strongly. However, A new ward administrator will be appointed. The people in the area strongly protested.

### **Community offices were locked**

In the first phase, the people locked the ward administration offices. With millions of protesters taking to the streets, the military has struggled to break the locks on ward administration offices.

In Chauk, not only are the ward administration offices locked, but “any general secretary, No community leader wants it. Self-governing "Locals" were posted in the ward offices.

When the police and the army remove the keys, many people protested.

### **Protest against new governors**

Despite the closure of ward administration offices, the military council has insisted on the appointment of new administrators. Most are USDP members and pro-military.

Protests against the new governor were widespread. On February 28, the military opened fire on a group of protesters in Rangoon's Tamwe Township after an iron bar protest. After the crowd separated, there was a strong action against the people in the house to come down in house to the house.





Photo caption,  
An administrative office in Hlaing Tharyar Township is closed

### **Protests intensified**

Peaceful protests against local government took place at a time when millions of people were protesting peacefully across the country in several cities.

However, the peaceful crackdown on peaceful protests by the military council has left many young people with head and neck injuries. Chest He was shot and killed in the abdomen. Since then, the number of peaceful protests has dwindled.

But instead of peaceful protests, shootings and bombings were heard everywhere.

Protests and shootings took place at protest sites. Bomb As the arson attacks took their place, protests against the ward administrators began in a peaceful manner, with attacks, killings, arson, and arson. Explosive movements took shape.

### **Attempts to re-appoint some former governors have been unsuccessful**

The lower echelons of government were completely disbanded due to the failure of the new ward administrators. As a result, in some places, if a new governor could not be appointed, he would try to replace the old one.

In Kalembo, only former administrators who had been elected by the community were re-appointed. However, the local people did not accept it.

"People in the area say they do not like the elected administrators, but they are unacceptable because they are appointed by the military council. Administrators are not recognized," Daw Aye from Kalembo told the BBC.

Former administrators did not dare to go beyond the public opinion and did not accept the military council's appointment.

### **The new governors are mostly pro-military**

On April 12, Senior General Min Aung Hlaing distributed 33,333 bags of rice and oil and beans to Shwe Pyi Thar. Many ward administrators came to Hlaing Tharyar Township to donate.

They are the new administrators appointed during the military council. Although new, they are former ward administrators under Thein Sein's government. Ko Aung, a resident of Shwepyithar Township, told the BBC that most were members of the USDP.

In many parts of the country, the new governors are either members of the USDP or close to the USDP. Many want the military.

Monywa Some locals in Myingyan and Myit Nge were interviewed.  Gamblers are also among the new governors.

"Some gamblers, There are people who open their own bars and go out and meet people from the military who want to be the new governor. If you become an administrator, it will be very helpful for their business," a local in Monywa told the BBC.





Photo caption,  
Attempts to open Dagon Myothit (South) Ward Administrator's Office  
**Administrators flee**

However, there are some people who want to be active as ward administrators in the early days. More recently, administrative offices have been bombed and bombed. Many administrators are avoiding work because of reports of arson and assassinations.

Ko Aung from Shwepyithar Township said that many of them were living in poverty and avoiding the misery of the local people.

“In Shwepyithar Township, many people are more scared than in other places. But I have never heard of a guest list. I don't think they dared to chase at night. I don't think the police have done enough to secure the audit. ” Ko Aung said.

### **Pressure on administrators**

In some parts of the country, ward administrators are under increasing pressure to work. In Myit Nge, the police came to the ward to look for the ward administrator. A resident of Myit Nge told the BBC that they had been asked to conduct a guest audit to check the list.

In Myingyan, the army is said to have come down to search for ward village administrators.

"When the army came, almost all of them ran away. When they encounter the army, they avoid it for fear of being forced to do so. If not, the military gave a phone number to someone close to them. When you return, call this number. He said he would be arrested if he did not continue. Some resumed. Some did not return. Those who returned because they were afraid were forced to work." A resident of Myingyan said.

### **What do you order?**

"Nowadays, they are asking for a list rather than a guest list," he said. He asked for a list of people living in the area. He ordered the war to find out who was missing. At present, some people are attending training for armed resistance. Some are fleeing domestically. Some are participating in the protests. They really want a list of those people. In addition, USDP members in the community. Former intelligence officers There are people who used to work as police informants. The ward administrator asked these people to help," said Ko Aung from Shwe Pyi Thar.

"But the authorities do not dare to sit in the office," he said. Some areas where they urgently need information are guarded by police. But when the police returned, they did not dare to sit in the office. □□ □ □□ □□□□ On the Shwepyithar side; In Thanlyin, even the administrators appointed by their military councils did not dare to do so. Latha in the city Pabedan The same is true in Kyauktada townships," said Aung.

In some parts of Gyogone ward in Insein Township, some offices said, "There is no one to be the ward administrator and the military is directly ruling."

"That's what they wrote," he said. It is also threatening. You know what? "If there is no one to be the ward administrator, the military will rule," a resident of East Gyo told the BBC.

According to a survey team, only about a third of Rangoon will have an administrator. There are more ward administrators in the townships where Marshall Law has been declared, but less in townships that have not been declared Marshall Law.

The military council Efforts are being made to revive village administration. Opposition groups also called for a ceasefire. Violent attacks are being carried out to prevent the emergence of village administration.

On May 5, the Military Council announced that the General Administration Offices would be relocated from the Union Government to the Ministry of Home Affairs.

- The general manager will be transferred to the government office

General administration offices were also under the Ministry of Home Affairs under Thein Sein's government. In December 2018, the National League for Democracy (NLD) government handed over the administration to the Union Ministry of Home Affairs, claiming that all administrations were under the control of the military.

It is unknown at this time what will happen to Burmese politics as a whole. What will happen to the ward and village administrations is still uncertain.